

THE ZULULAND WAR ENDED.

CETYWAYO'S ARMY BROKEN UP, AND
HIMSELF A FUGITIVE.

—Famine in Zululand Apprehended.—The Wounded Kinsmen Killed by British Allies.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—A despatch to the *Times* from Port Durward, dated July 13, says: "Kings of Cetwayo, when leaving the battlefield of Ulundi, told his chiefs to look to their own safety, and to leave the King to his fate. They could. His army is broken up, the nation is dispersed, and the King is a fugitive. Zululand will probably be divided into three or four separate principalities, each under the rule of a different independent noble. Cetwayo's brother Ohannu will receive his own territory under this arrangement."

A despatch to the *Daily Telegraph* from Cape Town says Chief Morosi has submitted. The present trouble with the Basutos, therefore, is settled, but much discontent still exists.

It is feared that there will be a severe famine in Zululand.

[illegible]

The native chiefs to meet him at Lunenburg on July 19, to hear his final words of settlement. The chiefs who were present included those from the Zulu nation, but no one from the Zululand. The British said they would prefer John Dunn for King. They promised to bring all the chiefs of this most warlike part of the nation. A Bivins' party was sent to prepare for the meeting. Gen. Wolseley and

It is reported from Lunenburg that Cetwagye with 700 followers is endeavoring to escape to the north.

The authorities are keeping a good lookout for him. John Dunn and other well-informed persons believe that Cetwagye will be killed by his followers if he is wounded at the battle of Uundi where he has wounded the native contingent in the employ of the British.

In the House of Commons, to-night after a protracted debate, the vote of a credit without a censure was carried by 168 against 155, without division. Sir Stafford Northcote moved that the Government should send Lord Curzon as Viceroy of India, and the officers and men of the Afghan expedition. The Marquis of Salisbury supported the motion. Mr. Chamberlain opposed it. The motion relative to the officers and men, but of

Typographical Union Number Six.
Typographical Union No. 6 celebrated their twenty-ninth anniversary of its existence yesterday by a social gathering at the home of Mrs. J. W. Smith, 1014 North 12th street. The affair was well patronized and was well furnished with the afternoon attendance, but there was a large and very respectable gathering at night, and dancing continued far into the morning hours. President David Keila, Secretary Charles W. Colburn, and a representative of other officers and committeemen were elected. The program was well planned and included the best of order and harmony extolled. Dr. J. W. Smith, who presided, made a fine speech, and gave to each of the participants a small gift to encourage socialability, the participants committing themselves to the pavilion. The union has now about 100 members, and is a very strong and active organization, but not without, like many other societies, to maintain many in case of sickness or lack of work. In many instances, however, it has asked members so afflicted to contribute to the fund, and has been successful in raising money for the same.

[illegible]

Attempt to Burn a Town.
WESTCHESTER, Pa., Aug. 4.—The town of Ma
shannon, four miles from here, was started this morn
ing by the breaking out of five fires in different parts of the
place, within a few minutes of each other. Four barns
with their contents, and the sheding at the Farm
Neighborhood were destroyed. An attempt was

Willett McConn's Singular Death.
Willett McConn, a well-known carriage manufacturer, of Hempstead, Long Island, was found dead Sunday morning with his head hanging over the side of his bed and a pool of blood on the floor. It is supposed that he was attacked with hemorrhage of the lungs a

Shipment of Delaware Peaches.
WILMINGTON, Aug. 4.—The shipment of peaches from the peninsula today was about 125 c loads, of which 58 cars were for New York. For early in the season this shipment has not been excelled since 1875.

The Thermometer in New York Yesterday.
At Hudson's pharmacy at 3 A. M. 77°; 6. 76°; 9. 84°; 12 M. 85°; 3 P. M. 87°; 6. 72°; 9. 73°; 12 M. 77°.

The Signal Office Prediction.

[illegible][illegible]